

2023 Edelman Trust Barometer

Kenya Report




2023 Edelman Trust Barometer

Methodology

Annual online survey in its 23rd year

Fieldwork conducted: Nov 1 – Nov 28, 2022



Argentina	Colombia	Ireland	Mexico	S. Korea	UAE
Australia	France	Italy	Nigeria	Spain	UK
Brazil	Germany	Japan	Saudi Arabia	*Sweden	U.S.
Canada	India	Kenya 	Singapore	Thailand	
China	Indonesia	Malaysia	S. Africa	The Netherlands	

Russia, part of the Edelman Trust Barometer from 2007 to 2022, was not included in this wave

**The sample size varies by country from 1,082 to 1,500.
 27-market global data margin of error: General population +/- 0.6 percentage points (n=31,171)
 Country-specific data margin of error: General population +/- 2.5 to 3.0 percentage points (varies by country based on sample size, n=1,082 to n=1,500)

Global averages

These vary based on the number of countries surveyed each year:

GLOBAL 27

*To protect the stability of the global average, Sweden will not be included in the average until there are at least two years of recent data

GLOBAL 25 Excludes China and Thailand

The sensitive nature of the question prevented this data from being collected in these countries

Statistical significance



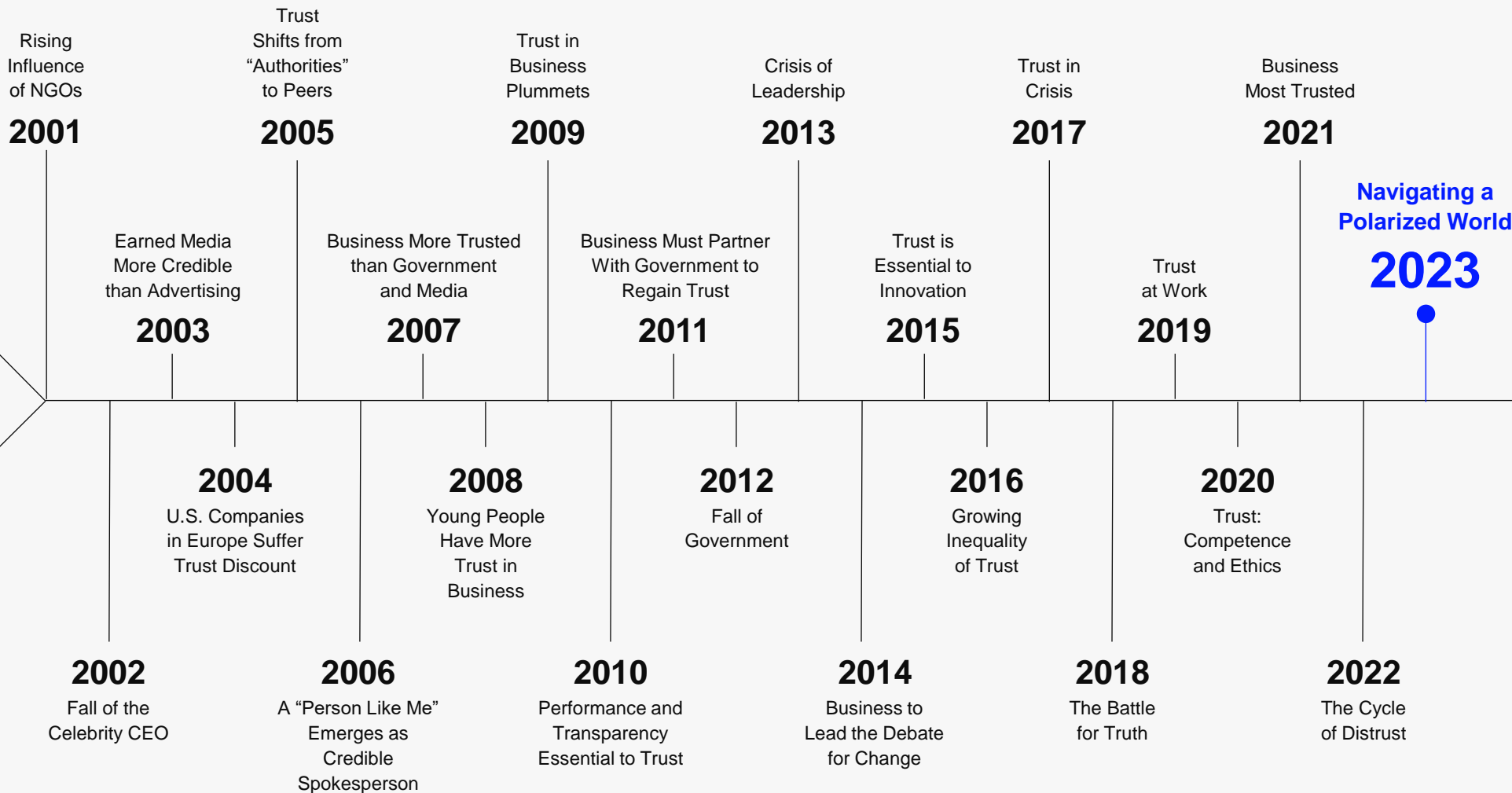
All indicated year-over-year significant changes were determined using a t-test set at a 99%+ confidence level

For more details on global averages and country-specific methodology, please refer to the Technical Appendix

Due to a translation inconsistency, the France data measuring trust in government, as well as competence and ethics was removed from certain slides. For more details contact the Trust Barometer research team



23 Years of Trust



Four Forces That Lead To Polarization

Economic Anxieties



Economic optimism is collapsing around the world, with 24 of 28 countries seeing all-time lows in the number of people who think their families will be better off in five years.

Institutional Imbalance



Business is now the sole institution seen as competent and ethical; government is viewed as unethical and incompetent. Business is under pressure to step into the void left by government.

Mass-Class Divide



People in the top quartile of income live in a different trust reality than those in the bottom quartile, with 20+ point gaps in Thailand, the United States, and Saudi Arabia.

The Battle for Truth

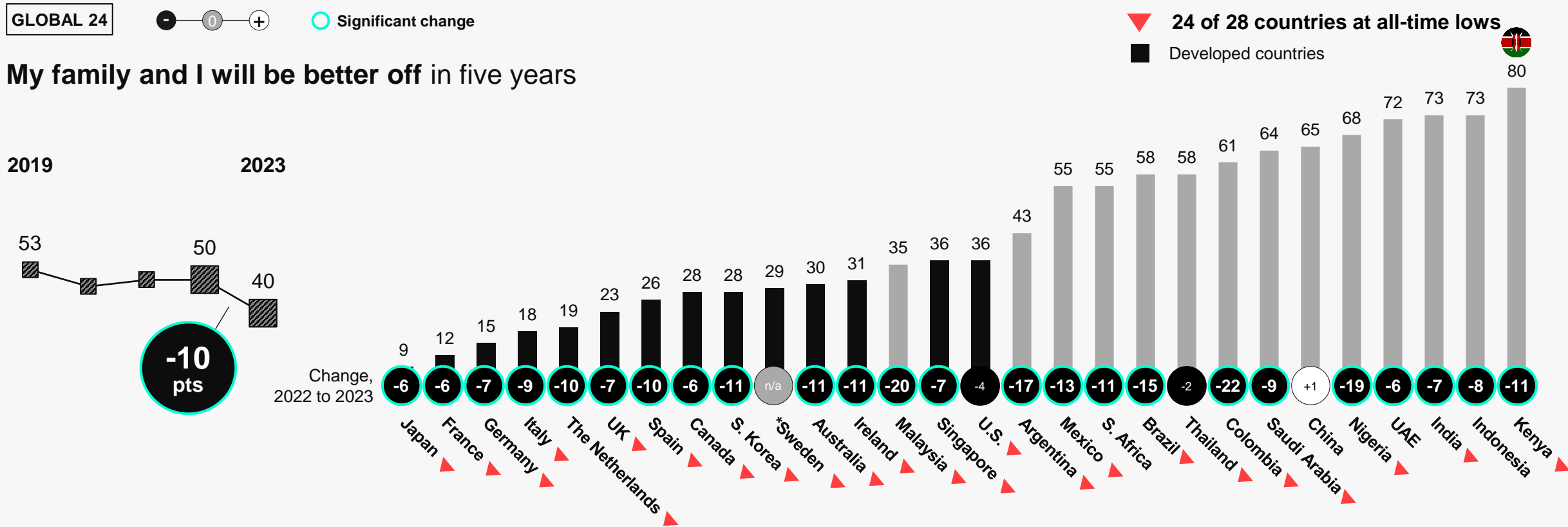


A shared media environment has given way to echo chambers, making it harder to collaboratively solve problems. Media is not trusted, with especially low trust in social media.



Economic Optimism Collapses Globally

Percent who say

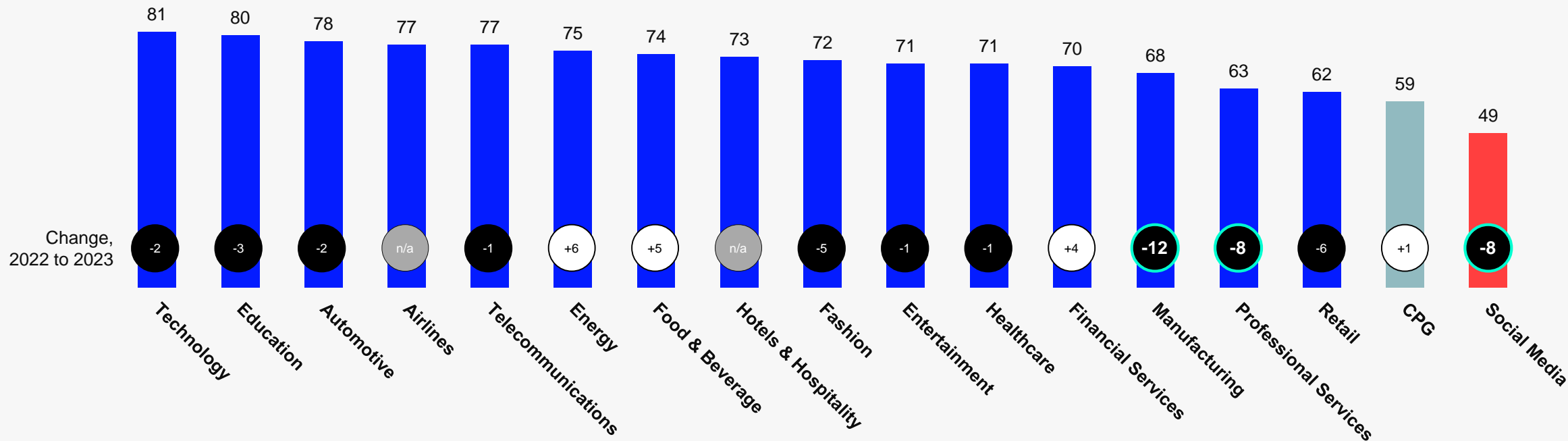
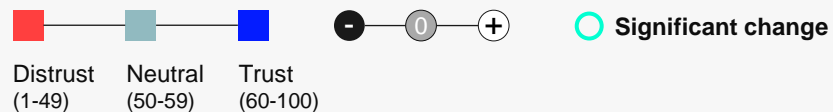


2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. CNG_FUT. Thinking about the economic prospects for yourself and your family, how do you think you and your family will be doing in five years' time? 5-point scale; top 2 box, better off. General population, 24-mkt avg. *Sweden is not included in the global average. Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



In Kenya, Trust in 11 of 15 Industry Sectors Falls

Percent trust, in Kenya

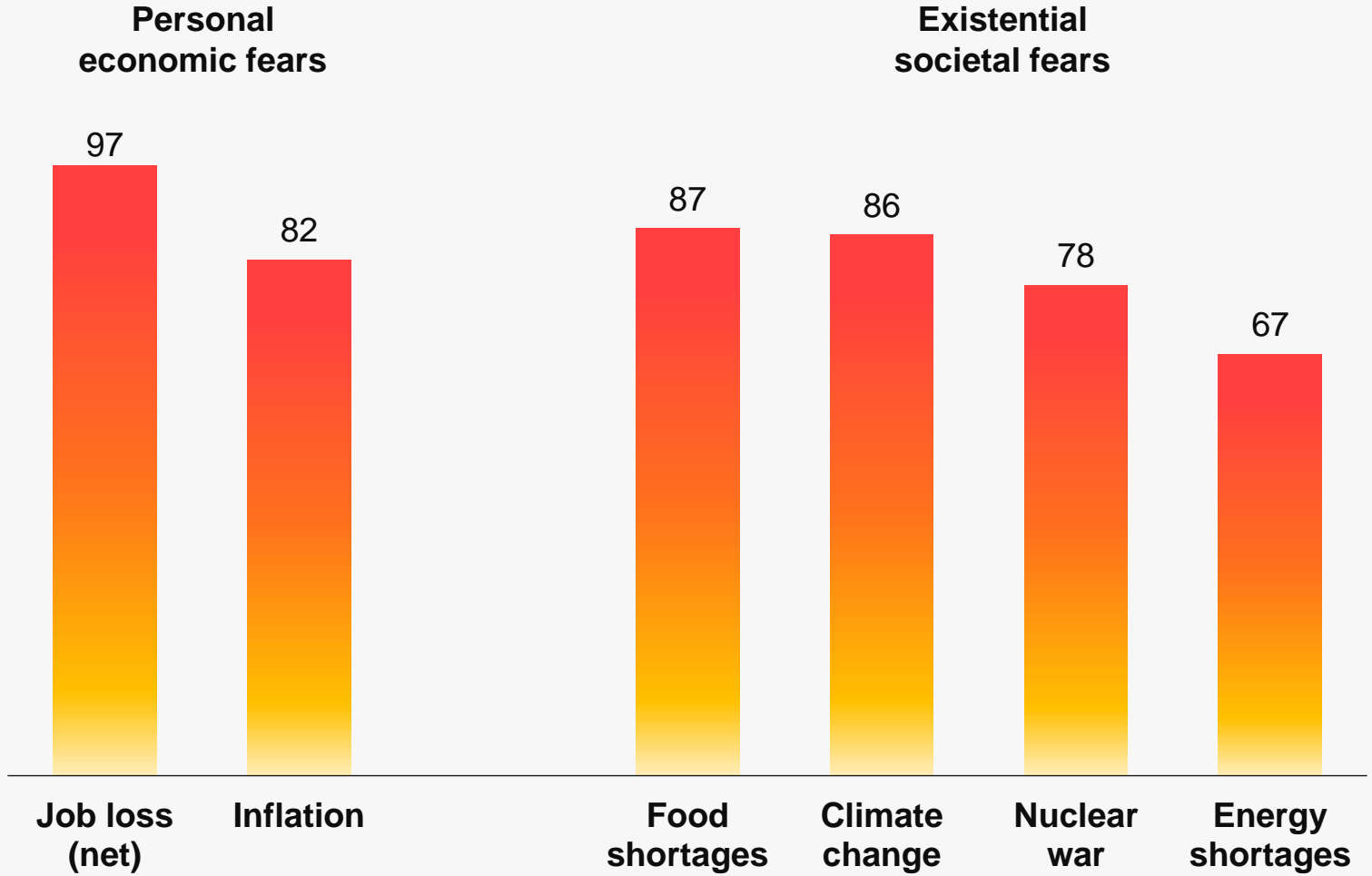


2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_IND. Please indicate how much you trust businesses in each of the following industries to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Industries shown to half of the sample. General population, Kenya. Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



Personal Anxieties On Par With Existential Fears

Percent who worry about each, in Kenya

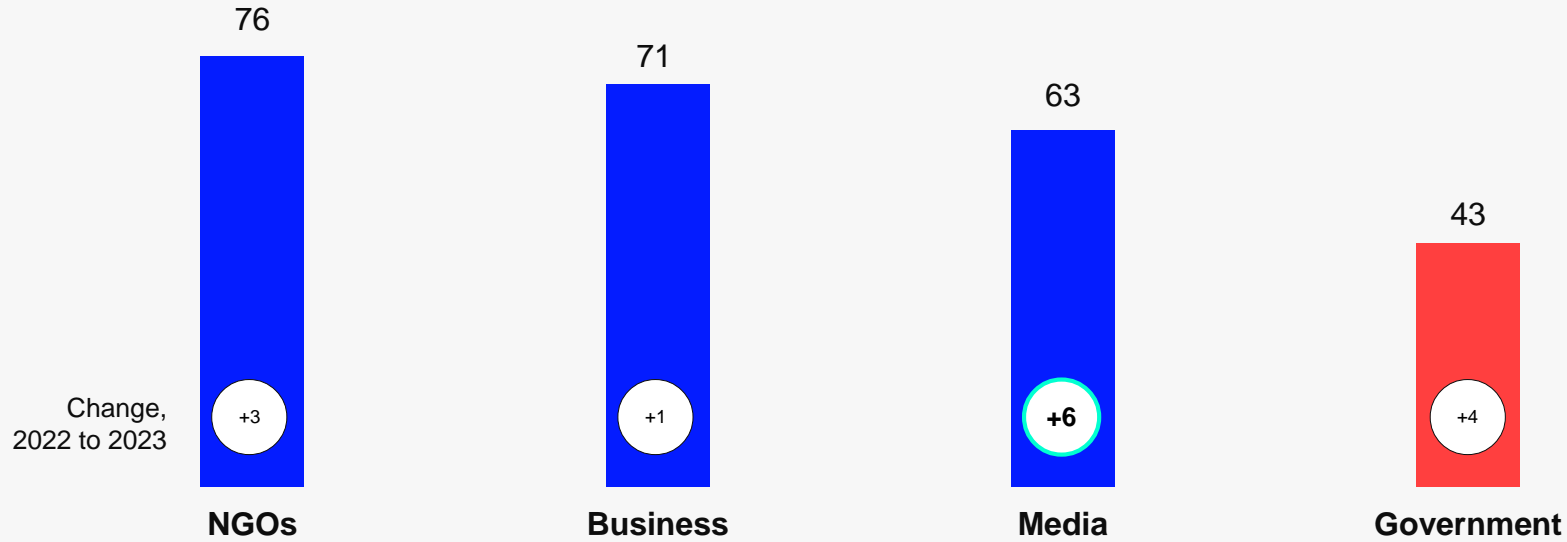
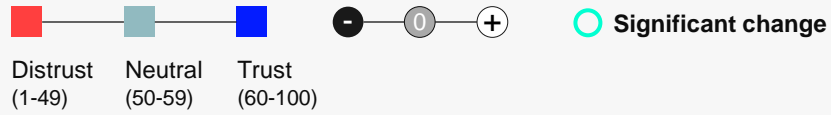


2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. POP_EMO. Some people say they worry about many things while others say they have few concerns. We are interested in what you worry about. Specifically, how much do you worry about each of the following? 9-point scale; top 4 box, worry. Some attributes asked of half of the sample. General population, Kenya. Job loss asked of those who are an employee of an organization (Q43/1). Job loss is a net of attributes 1-3, 5, and 22-24.



In Kenya, Government Is Least Trusted Institution

Percent trust, in Kenya



Least-trusting countries for each institution

*Sweden 44
Germany 41
Japan 38

Spain 49
Japan 47
S. Korea 38

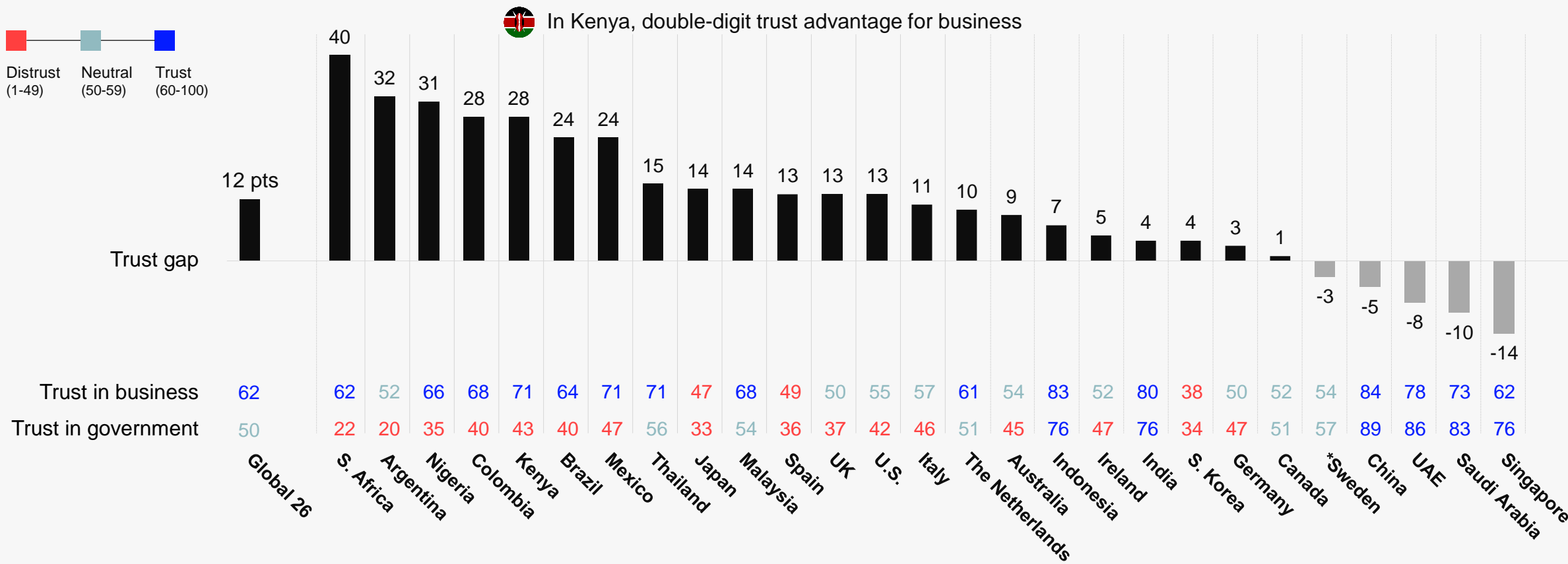
UK 37
Japan 34
S. Korea 27

Japan 33
S. Africa 22
Argentina 20



Institutions Out of Balance: Government Far Less Trusted than Business

Percent trust, and the percentage-point difference between trust in business vs government



2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 26-mkt avg. *Sweden is not included in the global average.

Due to a translation inconsistency, the France data was removed from this slide. For more details contact the Trust Barometer research team.

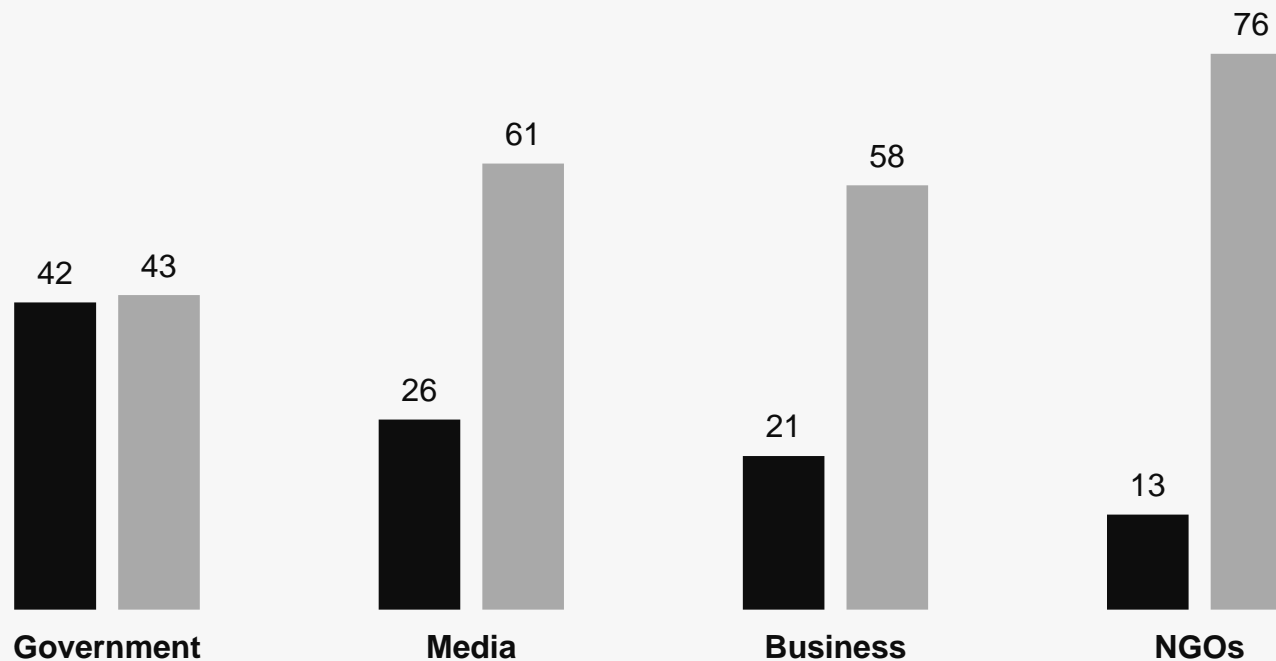


Cycle of Distrust In Kenya

Sources of Misleading Information

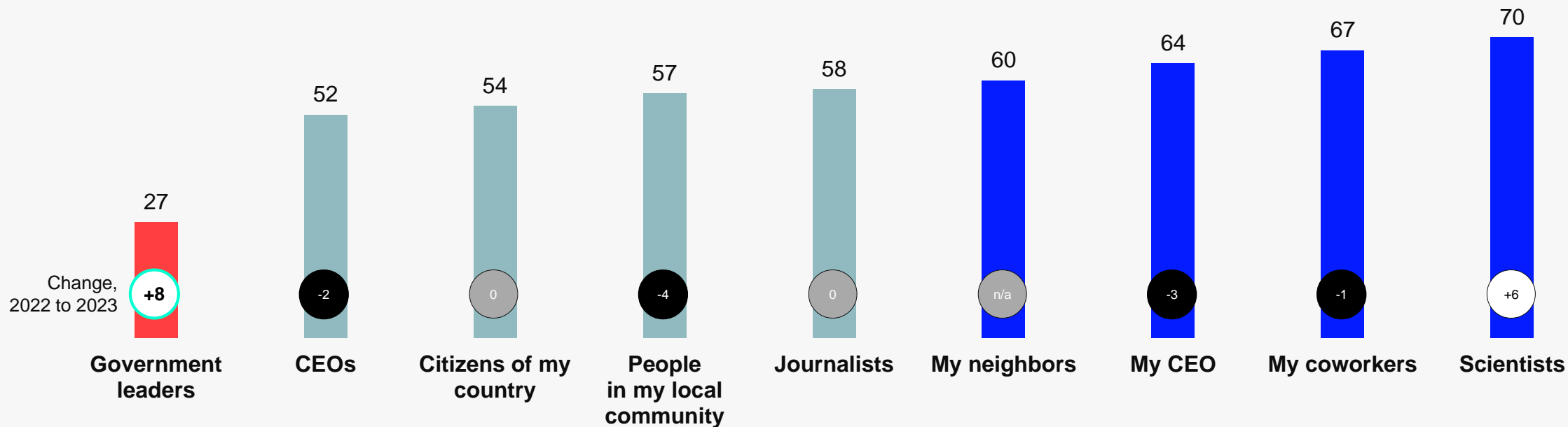
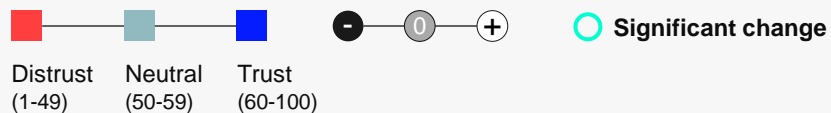
Percent who say, in Kenya

These institutions are



Scientists, Coworkers & My CEO Most Trusted

Percent trust, in Kenya



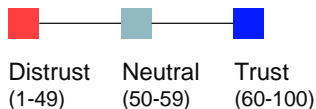
2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_PEP. Below is a list of groups of people. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that group of people to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Some attributes asked of half of the sample. General population, Kenya. "My coworkers" and "my CEO" only shown to those who are an employee of an organization (Q43/1). Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



Mass-Class Divide: Income-Based Inequality Creates Two Trust Realities

Trust Index

(average percent trust in NGOs, business, government, and media)



2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. The Trust Index is the average percent trust in NGOs, business, government and media. TRU_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 26-mkt avg., by income. *Sweden is not included in the global average. Due to a translation inconsistency, the France data was removed from this slide. For more details contact the Trust Barometer research team.

Income quartiles were determined separately for each country based on the distribution of household incomes among respondents from that country.

2023 High income (top 25%)

64	Global 26
90	China
85	Thailand
84	Saudi Arabia
82	Indonesia
82	UAE
76	India
73	Singapore
70	Kenya
66	Malaysia
64	Mexico
63	U.S.
62	Nigeria
62	The Netherlands
60	Germany
60	Ireland
59	Italy
56	Brazil
54	Australia
54	Colombia
53	Canada
52	S. Africa
52	*Sweden
51	UK
49	Spain
48	Japan
47	Argentina
44	S. Korea

2023 Low income (bottom 25%)

49	Global 26
71	China
70	India
68	Indonesia
64	Saudi Arabia
63	Kenya
63	UAE
56	Mexico
56	Nigeria
55	Malaysia
55	Singapore
48	Brazil
48	Thailand
47	Canada
46	Italy
46	The Netherlands
44	Colombia
43	Australia
42	Germany
42	Ireland
41	S. Africa
41	*Sweden
40	Spain
40	U.S.
37	Argentina
35	UK
29	Japan
29	S. Korea

15pts trust inequality globally;
double-digits in 20 of 27 countries

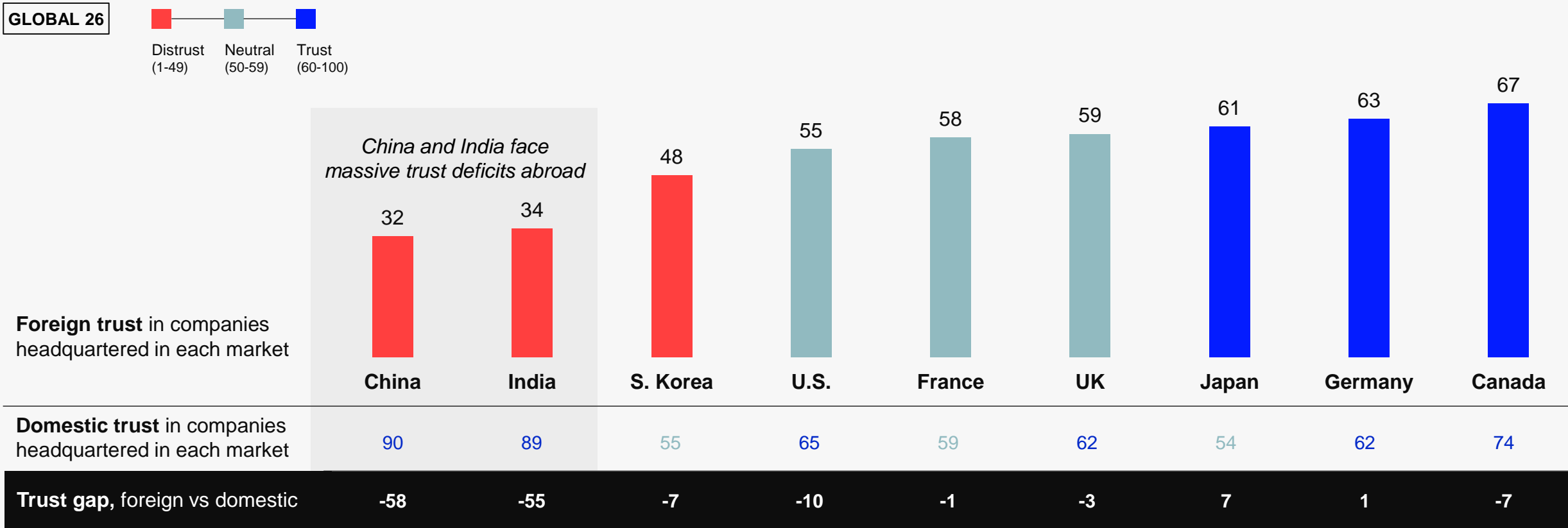
Greatest income-based trust inequality in:

Thailand	37pts
U.S.	23pts
Saudi Arabia	20pts
China	19pts
Japan	19pts
UAE	19pts



Trust at Home Does Not Guarantee Trust Abroad

Percent trust in companies headquartered in each country



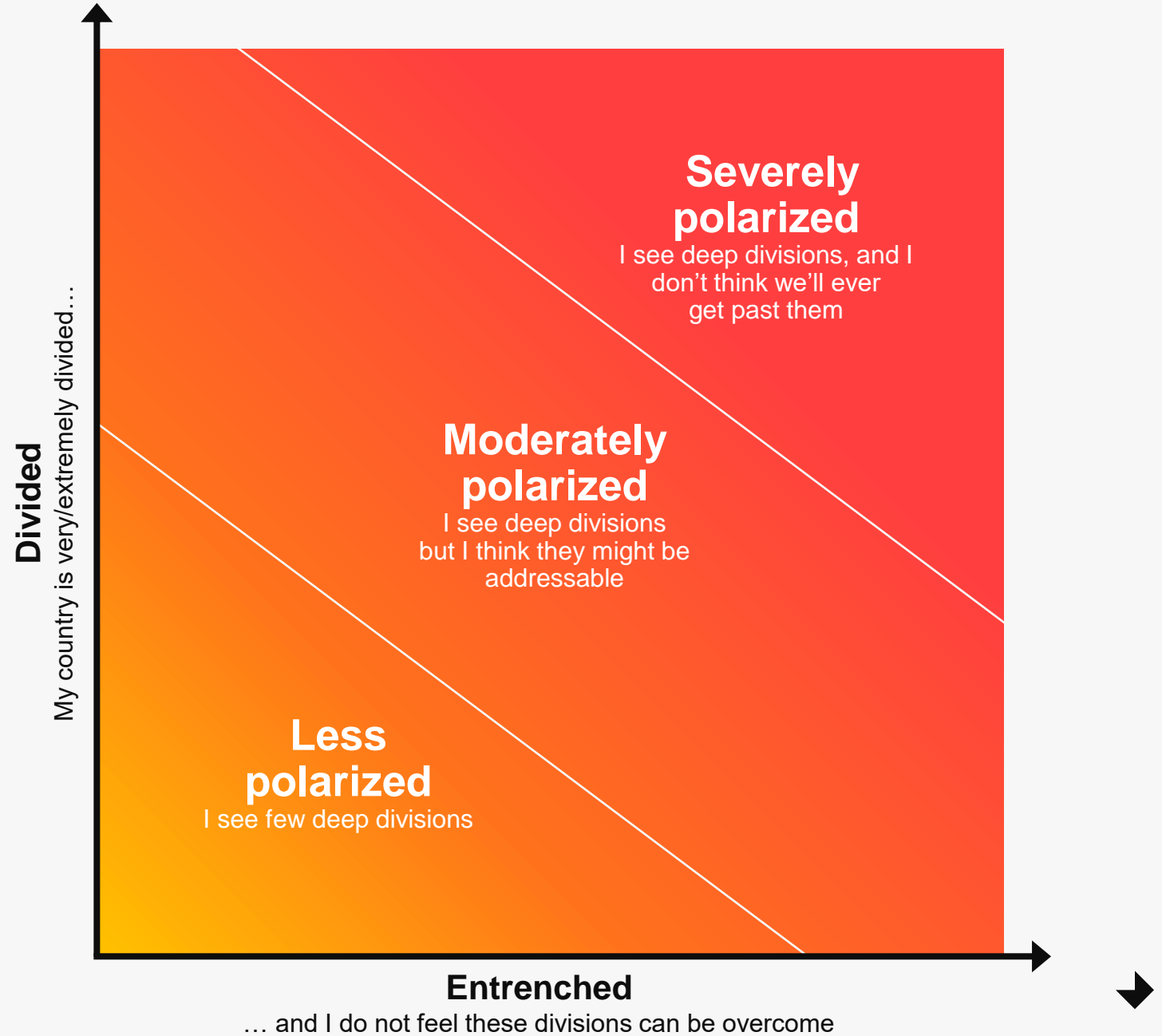
2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_NAT. Now we would like to focus on global companies headquartered in specific markets. Please indicate how much you trust global companies headquartered in the following markets to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. Question asked of half of the sample. General population, 26-mkt avg., excluding country being rated for "foreign trust", and by market for "domestic trust".



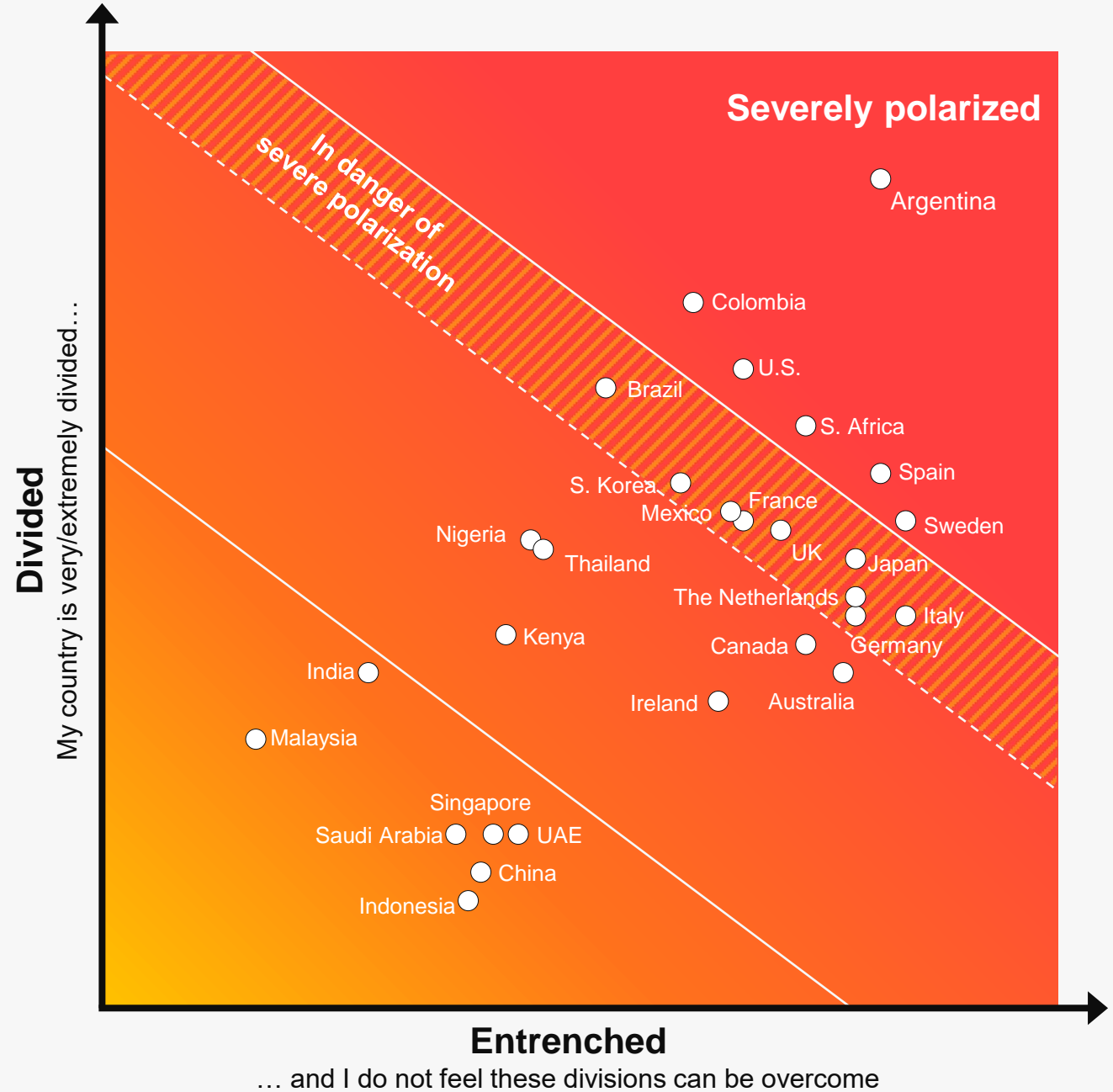
Distrust Breeds Polarization



Polarization Most Severe When Deep Divisions Become Entrenched

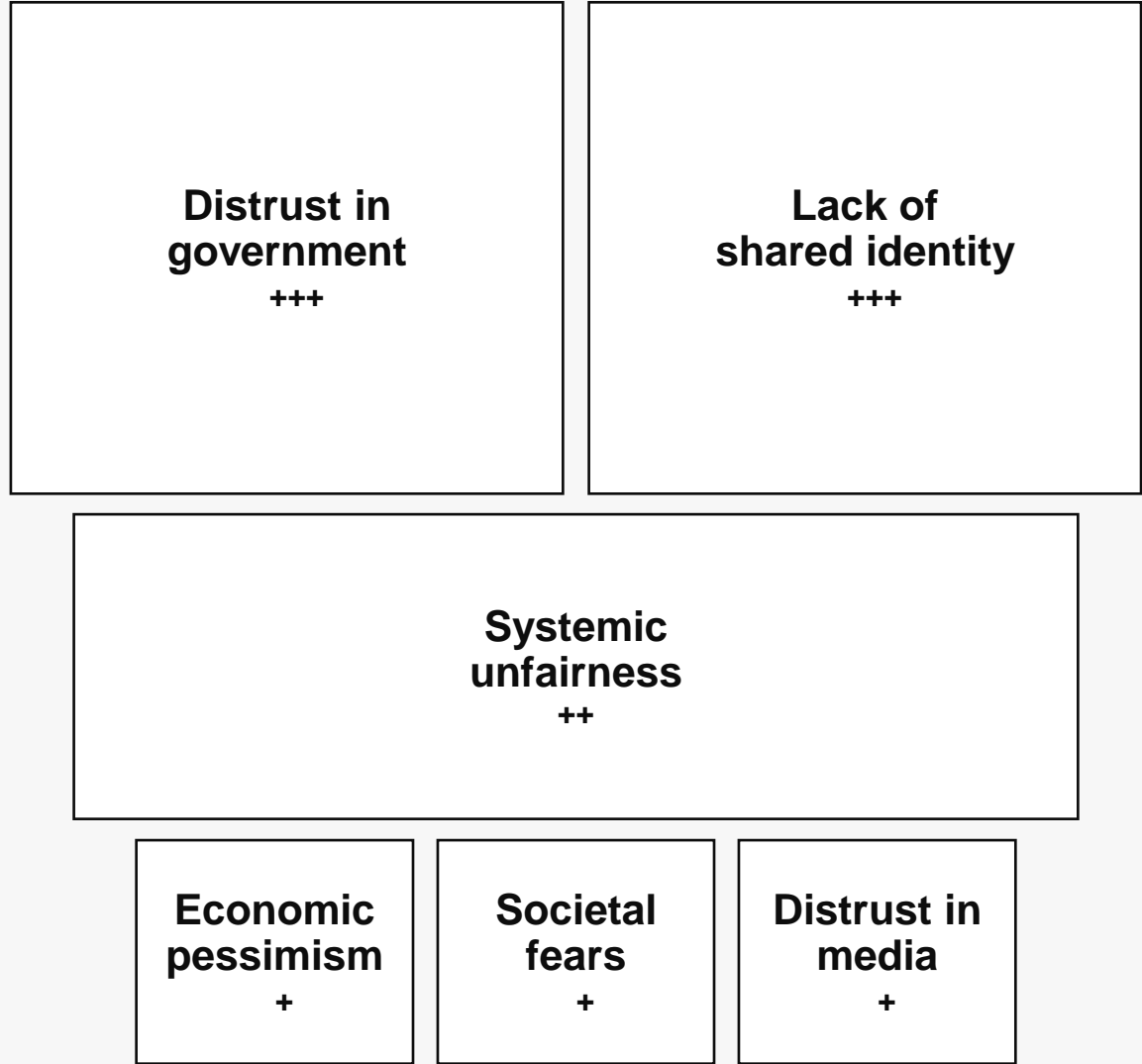


Six Countries Severely Polarized



2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. POL_DEG. Using the scale below, please indicate how divided on key societal issues you believe your country is today. 5-point scale; top 2 box, very/extremely divided. POL_PROG. How likely or unlikely do you think it is that your country will be able to work through or overcome its ideological divisions and lack of agreement on key issues and challenges? 8-point scale; codes 2-5, divisions can't be overcome. General population, by market. Data for "entrenched" is POL_PROG/2-5 filtered by those who feel their country is very/extremely divided (POL_DEG/4-5). All data is rebased to exclude those that said, "don't know."

Drivers Of Polarization: Distrust, Weak Social Fabric, Unfairness



Size of impact on respondent's perception of polarization

+ Less than .20 ++ .20 to .30 +++ More than .30

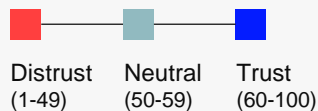
Only significant drivers of polarization are shown



Both Cause and Consequence: Polarization Itself Leads to Further Distrust

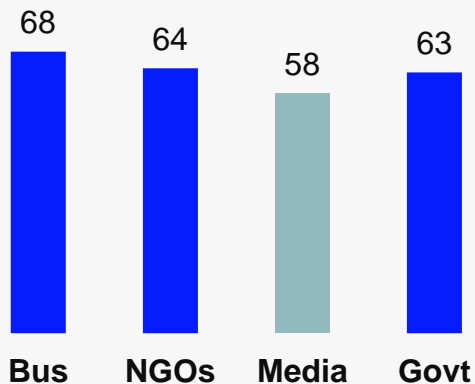
Percent trust among those who say

GLOBAL 26 excludes France

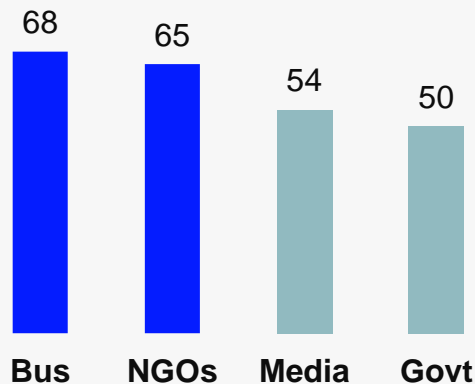


My country is ...

... not very divided

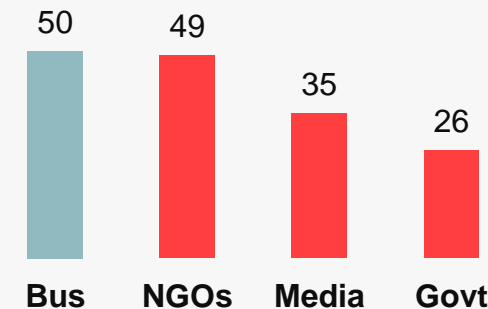


... divided, not entrenched



... polarized: divisions are entrenched

When we see our country as polarized, we don't trust



2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 26-mkt avg., by perceived level of division. For more information on how these segments are defined, please refer to the Technical Appendix.

Due to a translation inconsistency, the France data was removed from the global data. For more details contact the Trust Barometer research team.



Globally, More Divided Today Than in the Past

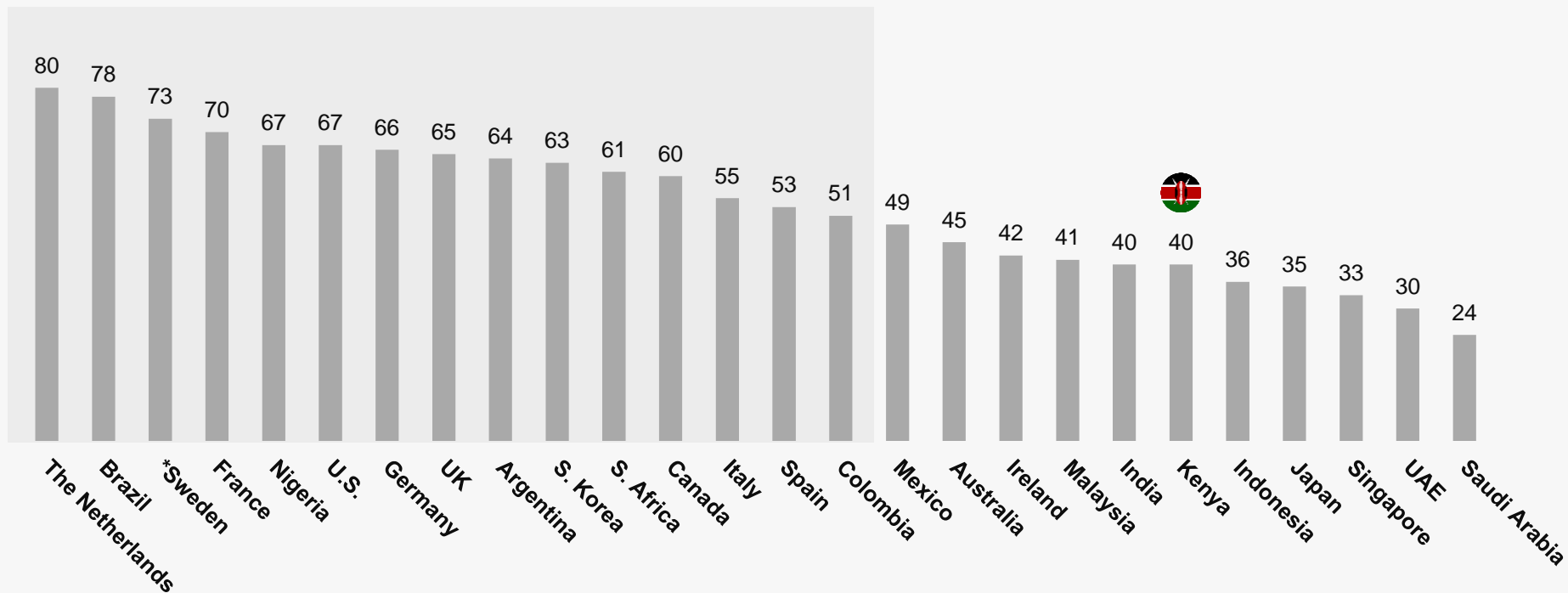
Percent who say

Our country is **more divided today** than in the past

Majority in 15 of 26 countries agree

GLOBAL 25 Excludes China and Thailand

53%



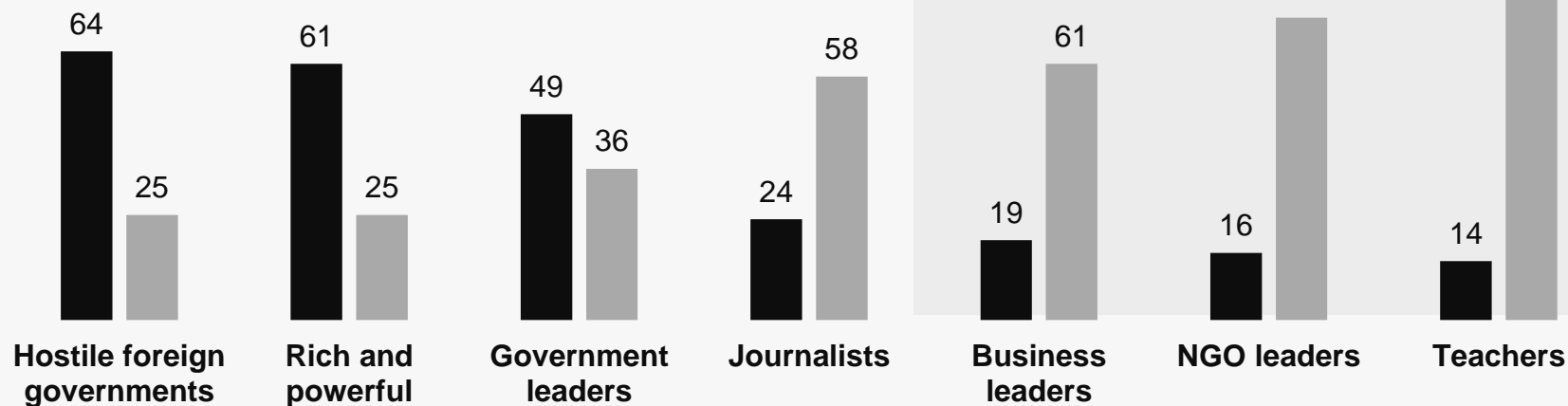
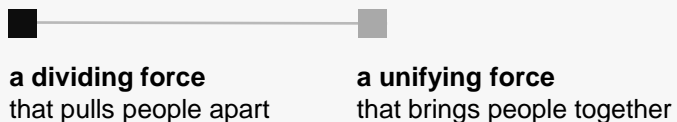
2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. NAT_POL. Which of the following is the most accurate description of the situation in your country today? General population, 25-mkt avg. Data not collected in China and Thailand. *Sweden is not included in the global average.



Divisive Forces Exploit and Intensify Our Differences

Percent who say, in Kenya

These groups are



2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. PROB_PLP. Ideological differences will always exist among people, but there are some groups of people that are perhaps making things worse than they might otherwise be by fueling divisions and fomenting a lack of civility between people who hold different views. In contrast, there are some groups of people that are perhaps making things better than they might otherwise be by working to foster cooperation between people who hold different views. In thinking about each group of people listed below, please specify where you think they fall on the scale between being a unifying force in society and being a dividing force. 11-point scale; codes 7-11, a dividing force in society; codes 1-5, a unifying force in society. Some attributes asked of half of the sample. General population, Kenya.



In Kenya, Social Fabric Weakens

Percent who say, in Kenya

The lack of civility and mutual respect today is the **worst I have ever seen**

55%

The social fabric that once held this country together has **grown too weak** to serve as a foundation **for unity and common purpose**

62%



Ideology Becomes Identity: Few Would Live or Work With the Other Side

Among those who feel strongly about an issue, percent who say, in Kenya

If a person strongly disagreed with me or my point of view, I would ...

Help them
if they were in need

35%

Be willing to live in
the same neighborhood

23%

Be willing to have them
as a coworker

22%



Polarization Worsens Fears

Among those who say their country is divided on key issues, percent who say, in Kenya

If our divisions are not addressed, this is likely to be a consequence

Top 5 of 13:



Economic consequence

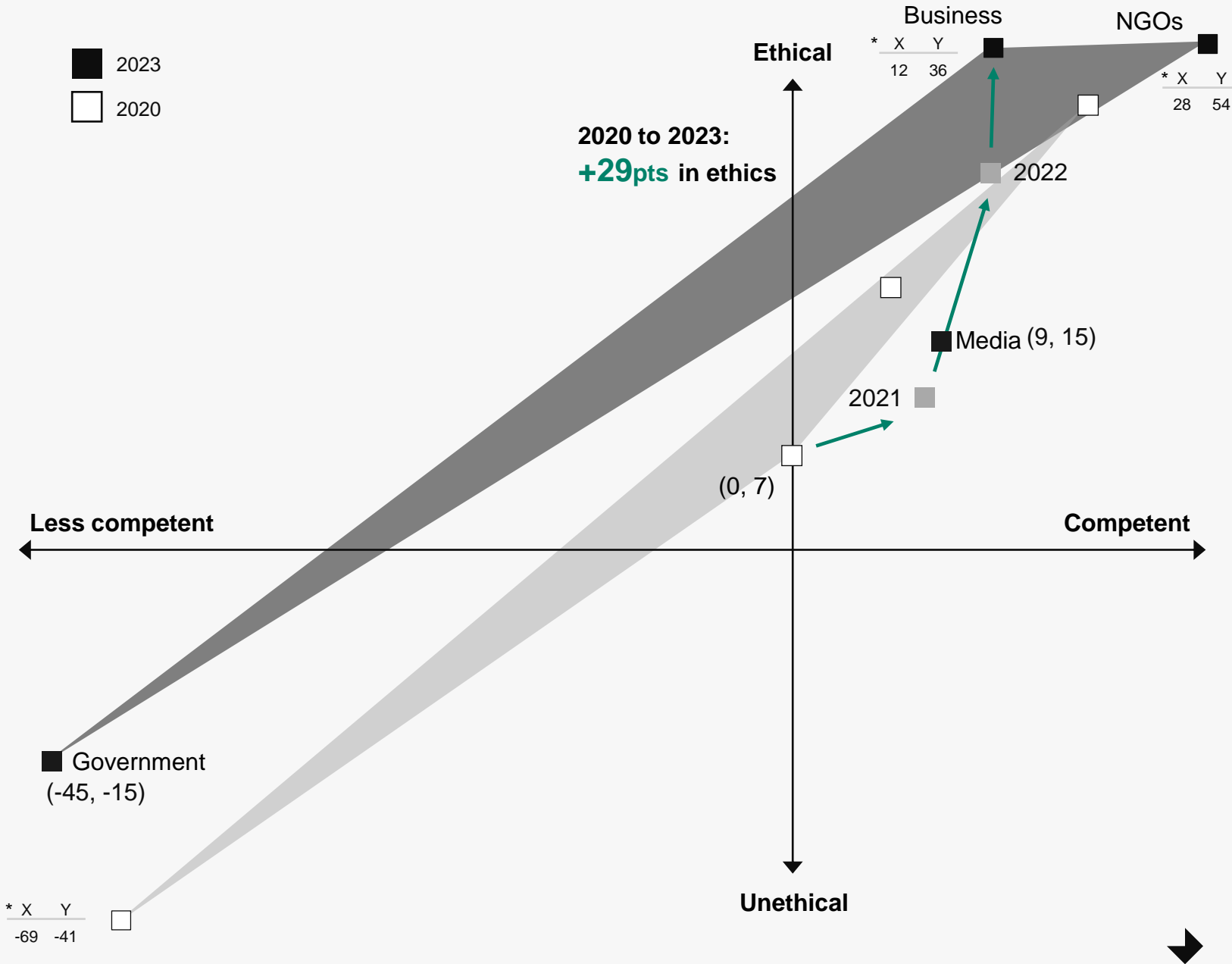


Great Expectations, Heightened Risk for Business



In Kenya, Business, NGOs and Media Seen As Competent and Ethical

(Competence score, net ethical score)



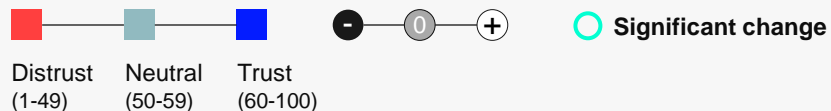
2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. The ethical scores are averages of nets based on [INS]_PER_DIM/1-4. Government and Media were only asked of half of the sample. The competence score is a net based on TRU_3D_[INS]/1. Government and Media were only asked of half of the sample. General population, Kenya. For full details regarding how this data was calculated and plotted, please see the Technical Appendix.

*Coordinates provided for reference: government points not shown to scale



In Kenya, My Employer Trusted

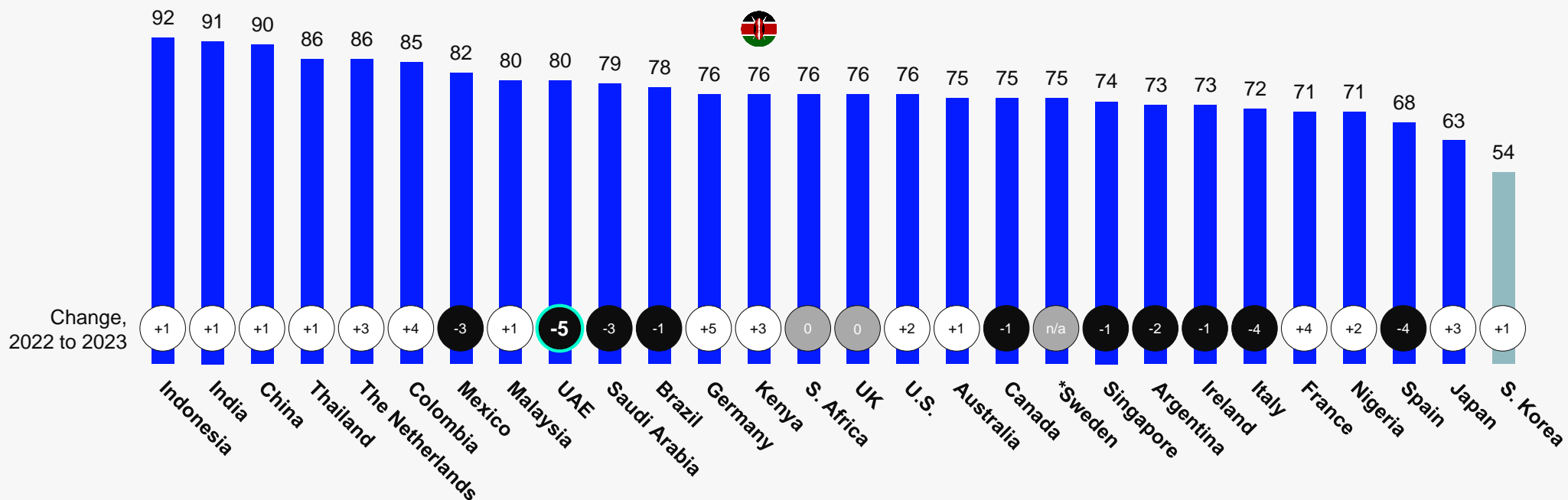
Percent trust



Kenya



NGOs	76
Business	71
Media	63
Government	43



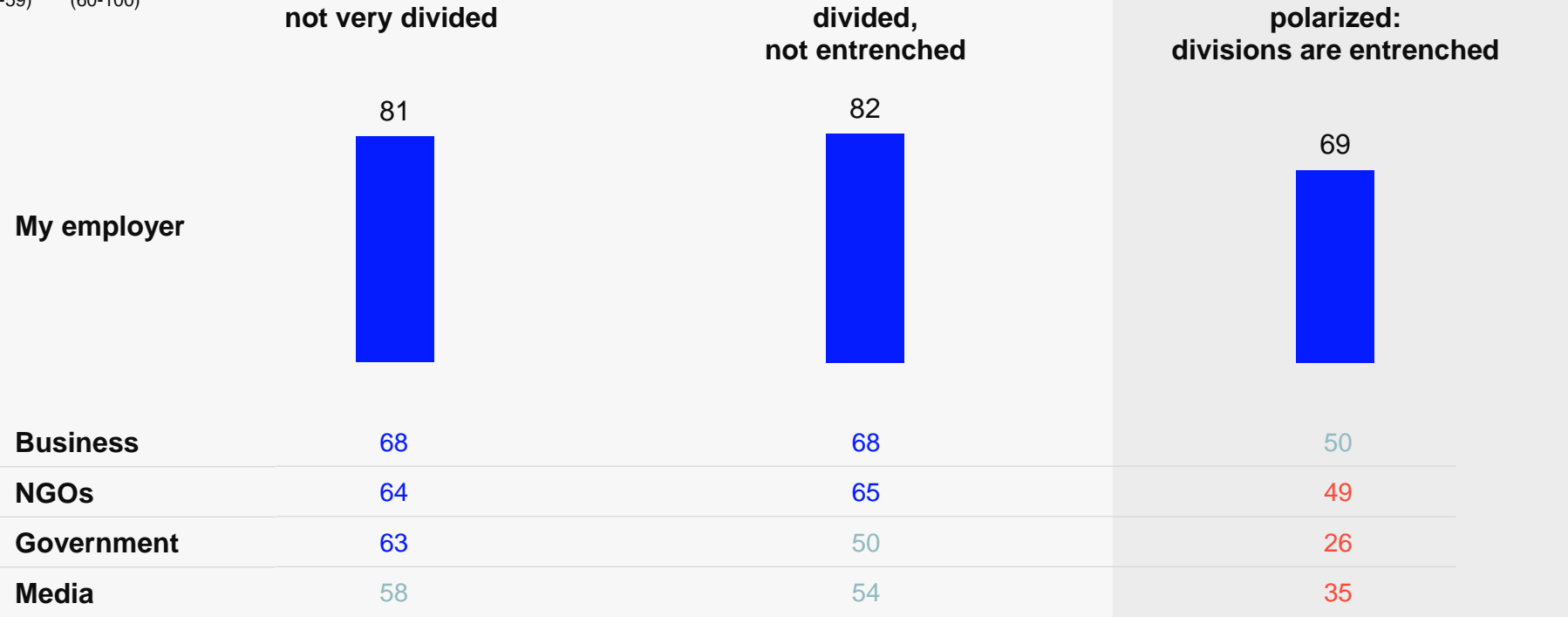
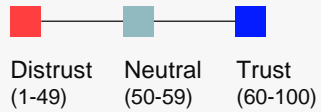
2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, by market. "Your employer" only shown to those who are an employee of an organization (Q43/1). *Sweden is not included in the global average. Year-over-year changes were tested for significance using a t-test set at the 99%+ confidence level.



Among Those Who Feel Polarized, Employer Is Only Trusted Institution

Percent trust among those who say their country is ...

GLOBAL 26 excludes France



2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. TRU_INS. Below is a list of institutions. For each one, please indicate how much you trust that institution to do what is right. 9-point scale; top 4 box, trust. General population, 26-mkt avg. "Your employer" only shown to those who are an employee of an organization (Q43/1).

Due to a translation inconsistency, the France data was removed from the global data. For more details contact the Trust Barometer research team.



Consumers and Employees Pressure Business to Stand Up for Them

Percent who say

2022 Edelman Trust Barometer Special Report:
The New Cascade of Influence

I buy or advocate for brands based on my beliefs and values

GLOBAL 14

63

2022 Edelman Trust Barometer Special Report:
Trust In the Workplace

Having societal impact is a strong expectation or deal breaker when considering a job (avg)

GLOBAL 7

Among employees

69

- Business reflects my values
- Has a greater purpose
- Meaningful work that shapes society
- Opportunities to address social problems
- Stops specific business practices if employees object
- CEO addresses controversial issues I care about



2022 Edelman Trust Barometer Special Report: The New Cascade of Influence. Belief-driven consumers. General population, 14-mkt avg. Please see the Technical Appendix for full explanation of how belief-driven consumers were measured.

2022 Edelman Trust Barometer Special Report: Trust in the Workplace. EMP_IMP. When considering an organization as a potential place of employment, how important is each of the following to you in deciding whether or not you would accept a job offer there? 3-point scale; top 2 box, important. 7-mkt avg. All data is filtered to be among employees who work for an organization or corporation (Q43/1). "Societal impact" is an average of attributes 12-17.

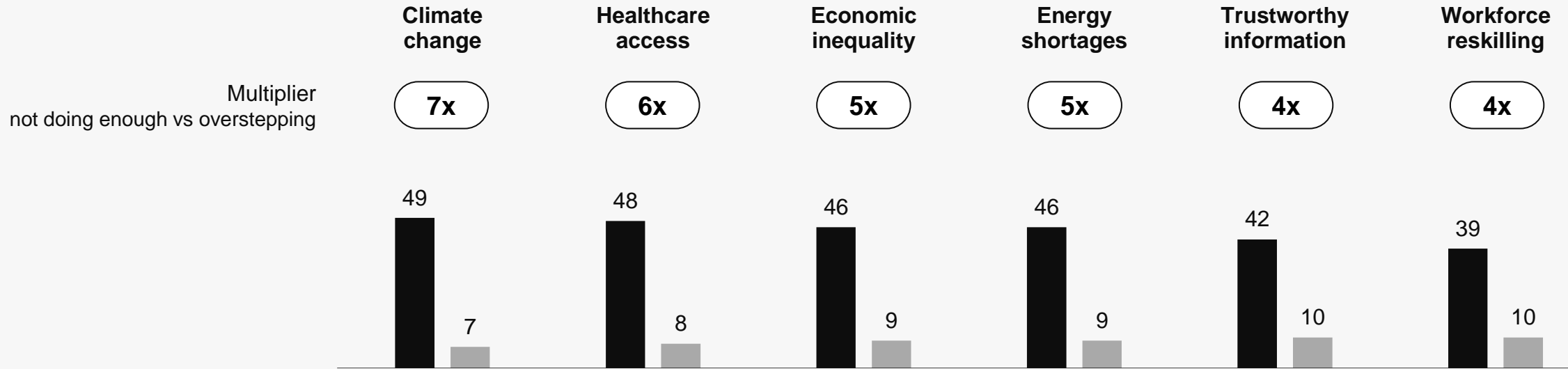


Want More Societal Engagement from Business, Not Less

Percent who say, in Kenya

On addressing each **societal issue**, business is

■ not doing enough ■ overstepping





2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. BUS_BND. Think about business as an institution, and its current level of engagement in addressing societal needs and issues. When it comes to each of the following areas, please indicate if you think business is going too far and overstepping what it should be doing, is doing just the right amount in regard to this activity, or is not going far enough in its actions and should be doing more. 3-point scale; code 3, "not doing enough"; code 1, "overstepping". General population, Kenya. The multipliers are rounded to the nearest .5.



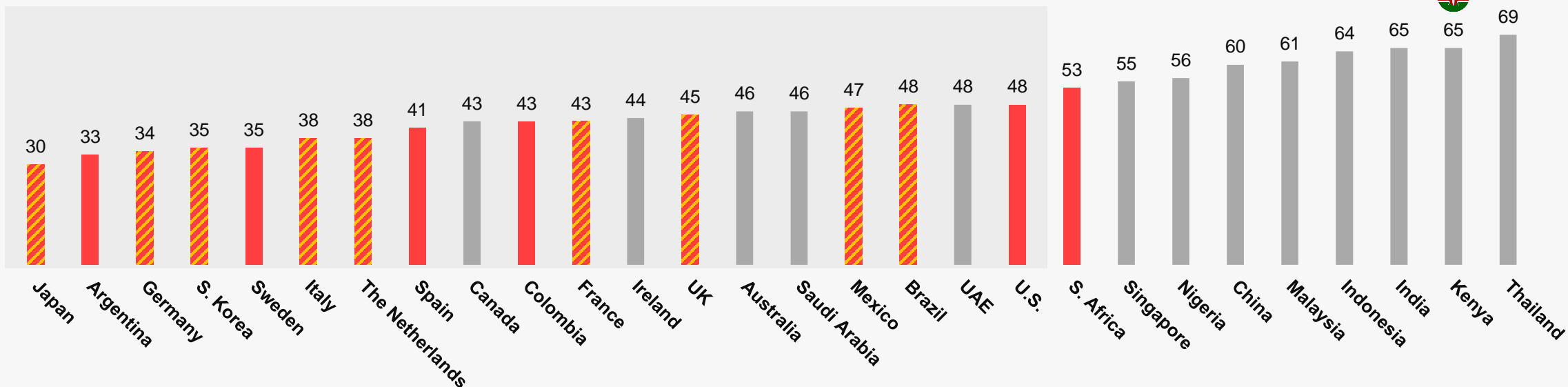
Globally, Societal Engagement Puts Business at Risk of Being Politicized

Percent who agree

I think **business can avoid being political** when it addresses contentious societal issues

 At risk of becoming severely polarized
 Severely polarized

Less than majority agree in 19 of 28 countries



2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. ENG_ISS. Do you agree or disagree with the following statement: It is possible for a business to engage in addressing contentious societal issues in ways that I would not consider to be political or politically motivated. 9-point scale; top 4 box, agree. General population, 27-mkt avg.



Navigating a Polarized World



In Kenya, CEOs Most Expected To Act on Employees, Discrimination and Wealth Gap

Percent who say, in Kenya

I expect CEOs to take a public stand on this issue:

Treatment of employees



Discrimination



Wealth gap



Climate change



Immigration

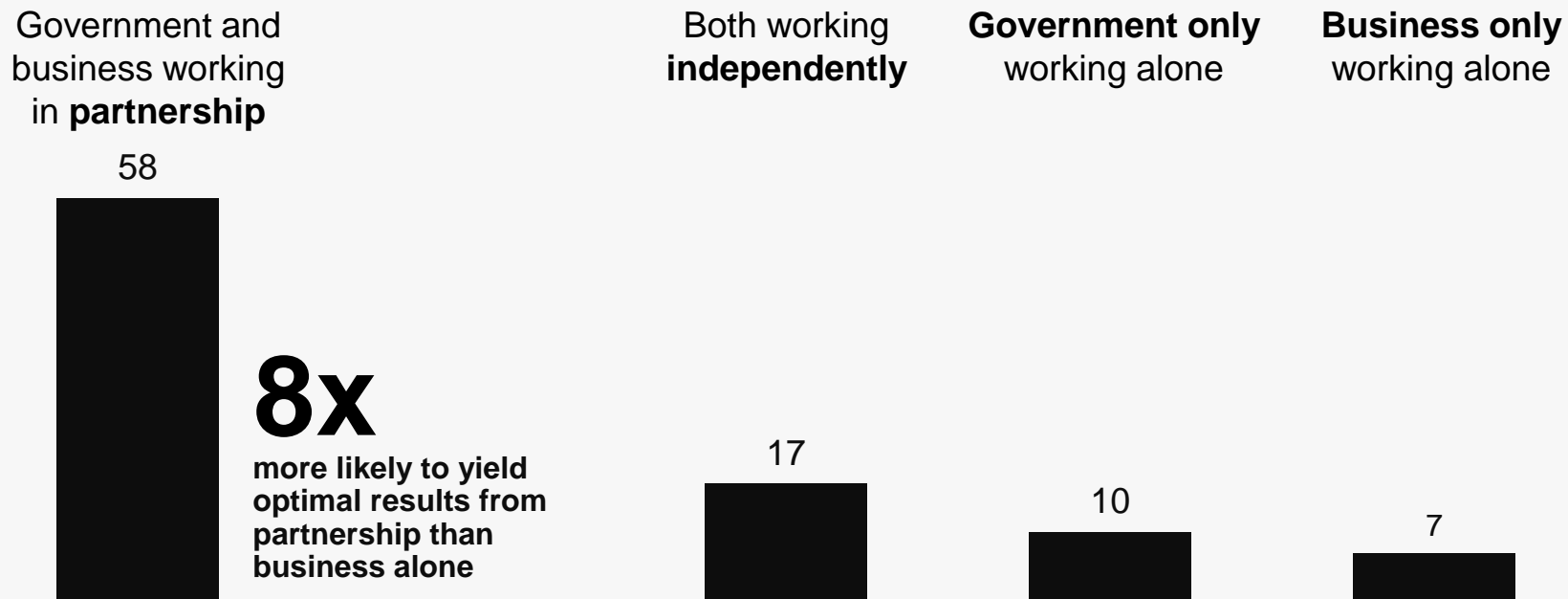


Best Societal Outcomes When Government and Business Work Together

Percent who say, in Kenya

Approach most likely to result in **constructive action**

averaged across climate change, discrimination, immigration, employee treatment, and income inequality



2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. GOV_VS_BUS1. For each of the societal issues listed below, please indicate which of the following is the most likely to result in your country being able to work through any ideological divisions that exist regarding the issue and take constructive action to address it. 5-point scale; code 5, government and business working in partnership; code 2, government and business working independently; code 3, government working alone; code 4, business working alone. Question asked of half of the sample. General population, Kenya. Data is rebased to exclude those that said, "don't know" and is showing an average of five issues.



Trustworthy Information Insulates Business Action from Politicization

Among the 65% who say it is possible for a business to address societal issues without being seen as politicized, percent who say, in Kenya

To avoid being seen as politically motivated when taking a stand:

Be a trustworthy information source



Don't align with only one political party



Refuse to bend to political pressure



Base actions on science



Act on same values over time



Improve Economic Optimism: Invest in Fair Compensation, Local Communities, Paying Taxes

Percent who say, in Kenya

CEOs are obligated to ...

Pay a fair wage



Ensure their home community is safe and thriving



Pay fair corporate taxes



Retrain employees



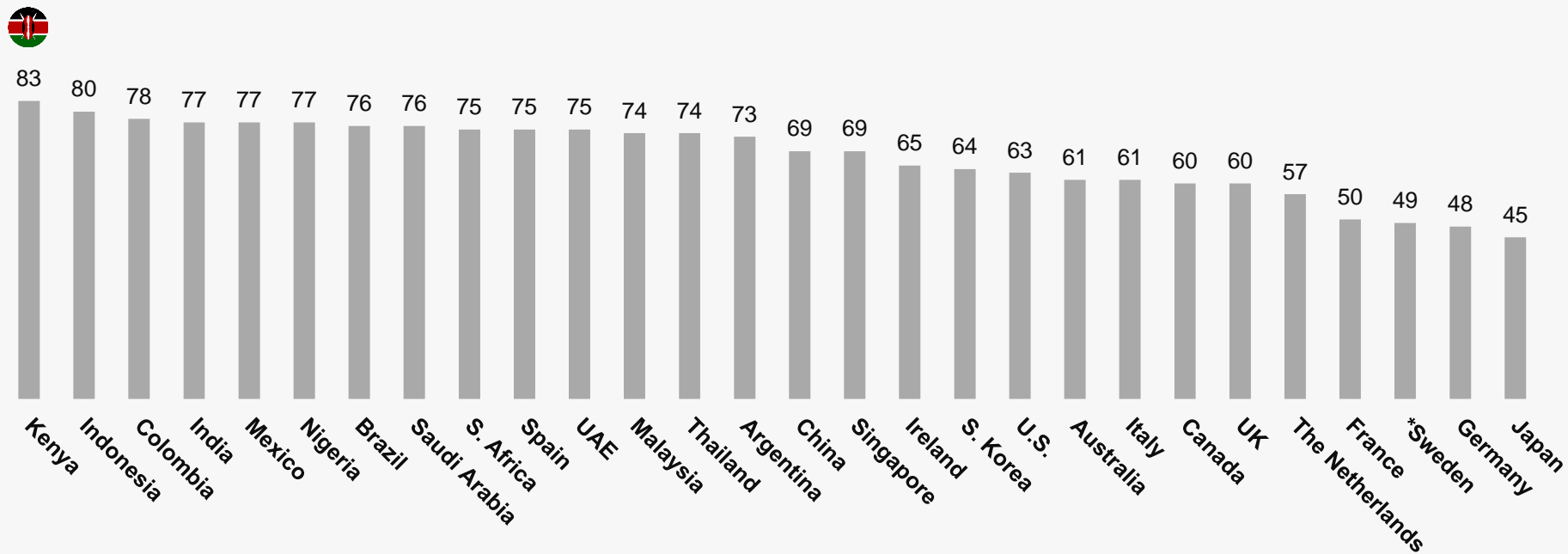
Use the Power of Brands To Create a Shared Identity

Percent who say

Brands celebrating what brings us together and emphasizing our common interest would strengthen the social fabric

GLOBAL 27

68%



2023 Edelman Trust Barometer. POL_SOL. How important do you feel each of the following would be to increasing civility among people in your country and strengthening the social fabric that binds people together? 6-point scale; top 3 box, help strengthen the social fabric. Attributes shown to half of the sample. General population, 27-mkt avg. *Sweden is not included in the global average.



Hold Divisive Forces Accountable

Percent who say, in Kenya

I believe CEOs are obligated to ...

Defend facts and **expose questionable science** used to justify bad social policy

82%

Pull advertising money from platforms that spread misinformation

76%

Companies could strengthen the social fabric if they

Support politicians and media that build consensus and cooperation (avg)

76%



Navigating a Polarized World

1

Business must continue to lead

As the most trusted institution, business holds the mantle of greater expectation and responsibility. Leverage your comparative advantage to inform debate and deliver solutions across climate, diversity and inclusion, and skill training.

2

Collaborate with government

The best results come when business and government work together, not independently. Build consensus and collaborate on policies and standards to deliver results that push us toward a more just, secure, and thriving society.

3

Restore economic optimism

A grim economic view is both a driver and outcome of polarization. Invest in fair compensation, training, and local communities to address the mass-class divide and the cycle of polarization.

4

Advocate for the truth

Business has an essential role to play in the information ecosystem. Be a source of reliable information, promote civil discourse, and hold false information sources accountable through corrective messaging, reinvestment, and other action.



Thank You

